國立嘉義高工 112 學年度英語文學藝競賽實施計畫

一、依據:本校112學年度第1學期第1次英文科教學研究會決議辦理。

二、目 的:配合教育部培育 e 世代外語人才,提高本校學生英語文程度及學習興趣,除了正常英文課程,而且利用寒、暑假及第八節輔導課之英文輔導課加深加廣課程內容,來增進學生英語表達暨寫作之能力,並遴選優秀同學代表本校參加明年度各項校外競賽。

三、報名日期:即日起至 11 月 3 日(星期五)中午 12 時止,各班報名表於報名截止前, 送教務處邱季晴小姐 (2 號窗口)處,逾期不予受理。

四、比賽日期:112年11月29日(星期三),下午第五、六節。

五、組 別:分高一及高二組。

六、項 目:分演說、朗讀及作文等三項。

七、參加名額:高一、高二各班每項至多推派一人參加。

八、報名限制:每人以報名參加一項為限。

九、各項競賽時間:

(一)演說:每人2~3分鐘。(未唸完全文者,不予扣分。)

(二)朗讀:每人3分鐘。(未唸完全文者,不予扣分。)

(三)作文:60 分鐘。作文高二組(約250字);作文高一組(約150字)

十、競賽內容範圍:

(一)演說:演說內容如附件一,請參賽者背稿。

(二)朗讀:朗讀內容如附件二,參賽者登台前6分鐘,當場親自抽定篇目。

(三)作文:由各組評審委員統一命題密封,競賽題目於當天公佈,<u>參賽者</u> 不得攜帶英漢、漢英字典、電子字典或任何可以查閱單字的 3C 產品參加比賽。

十一、競賽評分標準:

- (一)演說:語音(發音及語調)佔40%,表達能力(音量及流暢度)佔40%、儀態(儀容態度、表情)佔20%;2分鐘按短鈴一次、2分30秒按短鈴二次、3分鐘演講時間結束按長鈴一次,不論內容是否講完,均需下台。演講時間不足2分鐘者,每30秒扣1分。
- (二)朗讀:語音(發音及語調)佔40%;表達能力(音量及流暢度)佔40%;儀態(儀容態度、表情)佔20%。
- (三)作文:內容佔25%,組織佔25%,文法修辭佔25%,標點拼字佔25%。

十二、優勝錄取名額:

(一)優勝者由學校頒發獎狀及獎品,各項比賽並由評審委員遴選優秀代表數名,由

培訓教師展開訓練工作,再擇優代表本校參加明年度各項校外競賽;凡獲優勝名次以上者,均依本校學生優良事蹟獎勵標準簽請敘獎。

- (二)各組錄取第一名1位,第二名2位,第三名3位,佳作若干位;各組各項錄取 人數得視參賽人數之多寡及參賽者之表現予以增減。
- (三)各組各項比賽評審結果遇有同分情形者,由評審教師決議名次順序。
- (四)演講、朗讀比賽前 2 名於 12 月 6 日 (週三)下午五、六節進行複賽,依成績 高低培訓成為明年度全國性英文演講比賽之儲備選手。

十三、比賽地點:由教務處統一公告。

國立嘉義高工 112 學年度英語文學藝競賽報名表

班級:

座 號	姓名	備註
演說		
朗讀		
作文		

學藝股長簽名	:
英文教師簽名	:
班級導師簽名	:

◎報名表請於 112 年 11 月 3 日(星期五)中午 12 時前繳至教務處邱季晴小姐 (2 號窗口),逾期仍未報名之班級,學藝股長依校規議處。

◎凡報名後,無故未參賽者依校規議處。

英文學藝競賽題目-演講稿

Complain All You Want

Everyone complains. It is totally normal and natural thing to do. Complaining has two functions. The first is as a tool for building relationships with others. When we complain, we are sharing our feelings and letting people know what we like and don't like. This has the power to help people form relationships, and nothing unites us like a common enemy. When we complain, the people we talk to might provide solutions to our problems, which can help make the relationships we have with others stronger.

The second use of complaining is a way to process emotions. It can be difficult to name our feelings and understand where they come from. When we complain, we have the chance to talk through our negative emotions. It can be very helpful to give words to whatever pain we are experiencing so that we might feel better.

Many people say that we should always think positively. However, sometimes the truly healthy thing to do is to recognize that something bad is happening, say it plainly, and then move forward.

There are many different types of complaining. For instance, there are people who talk about bad things that have happened, usually in an angry and emotional way. This type of person mainly just wants to receive attention from others instead of solving problems. There are also people who talk about things over and over without taking any action. They tend to focus more on problems than the progress. Studies have shown that both types of complaining can put people who are listening in bad moods. What's more, the person who is complaining is likely to feel worse as well.

The best way to complain is to talk about a problem, then look for a way to make things better. Creating a plan for change with others is also a good way to form strong relationships. Life will never be perfect, but with some effort, we can all learn to complain better.





英文學藝競賽題目-朗讀稿(1)

The Taiwan International Balloon Festival

Taiwan's beauty attracts visitors from around the world. However, Taitung, located in eastern Taiwan, hoped to attract more tourists. The area already had some experience with paragliding, so the local government decided to promote a related activity. It hosted the first Taiwan international Balloon Festival in 2011, which kicked off a yearly tradition.

Since that time, the festival has continued to grow. More than 880,000 people attended the festival in 2012. Some people in Taiwan took interest in hot-air balloons and became professional hot-air balloon pilots. In 2013, some cities around Taiwan held their own hot- air balloon-related events. Taiwan's first hot-air balloon businesses, Skyrainbow Airlines, was established in 2014. This provided a strong foundation for balloon activities in Taitung.

Something new is added to the festival every year. In 2015, there were 10 special-themed balloons. A hot-air balloon competition for international pilots was held in 2016. The following year, the first sunrise lift-off was held at Sanxiantai. In 2018, the Travel Channel named the festival one of the world's top 12 hot-air balloon festivals. The night the night lift-off activity was added in 2019. While the pandemic forced the many events to stop, Taitung successfully held its festival in 2020. In 2022, the 45-day festival welcomed more than 1.2 million visitors.

If you look at a hot-air balloon, you will notice three main parts. The largest part is called the envelope. This is the beautiful portion that looks like a balloon. The envelope is made of very strong nylon or polyester. It is difficult to pull apart and doesn't burn easily. The next part is the burner. Typically made of metal, this part is used to heat the air inside the envelope to make the balloon rise. The third part is the basket. This is where the people stand. The basket is usually made of light and the flexible wood, such as wicker or rattan.

Hot-air balloons are truly full of hot air. The pilot uses the burner to control the temperature of the air inside the envelope. If the pilot increases the flame and heats more air, the balloon will rise higher. However, the pilot cannot really control which direction the balloon flies because the balloon is pushed by the wind. This means that the pilot must understand the wind conditions for that day and pay attention to the weather. Then, anyone can enjoy a fun breathtaking ride in a hot-air balloon. To see these amazing balloons floating in the sky, check out the Taiwan International Balloon Festival this year in Taitung.





英文學藝競賽題目-朗讀稿(2)

The Joke's on You

April Fools' Day is celebrated every year on April 1. The holiday is an occasion to play harmless tricks on friends and family such as preparing fake food or tapping a "kick me" note on someone's back. Yet, nobody knows exactly how the tradition got started, but there are a number of theories.

Some people think April Falls' Day began as an ancient festival honoring a god who died every winter and came back to life every spring. To celebrate his return, people with dress up in costumes and imitate each other.

The first written reference to April Fools' Day is from a 1561 poem by Eduard De Dene. In the poem, a servant goes out to do some tasks for his master, but when he remembers that the day is April 1, he realizes they are all "fool's tasks."

In Poor Robin's Almanac, the writer explains that some say the first of April is set aside for all Fools' Day. But neither he nor the fools know why people called it so. The origins of the holiday might be a mystery but it is certain that April Fools' Day is here to stay.

The Modern times, companies have used April Fools' Day as an opportunity to play pranks and get attention. In 2014, the US-based media company called NPR published an article called "Why Doesn't America Read Anymore?" In the article, they instructed all the readers to like the post but not comment on it. Everyone sat back and had a laugh as people started commenting to share their opinions on an article that they haven't even read.

Another good example of an April Fools' Day prank was when PayPal, an online payment platform, announced in 2018 that they were adding a new feature to their app that would allow users to print cash right from their phones. The joke went viral and brought them a lot of publicity.

In 2021, a popular cheese prank called Velveeta revealed a skincare line," V by Velveeta," with a promotional video and an email waitlist. The product was completely fake, but many people signed up for their marketing contact list.

Every April 1, many companies trick buyers with fake product ads, news stories, and announcements. Even at the highest levels of business, it's important to keep a good sense of humor.



